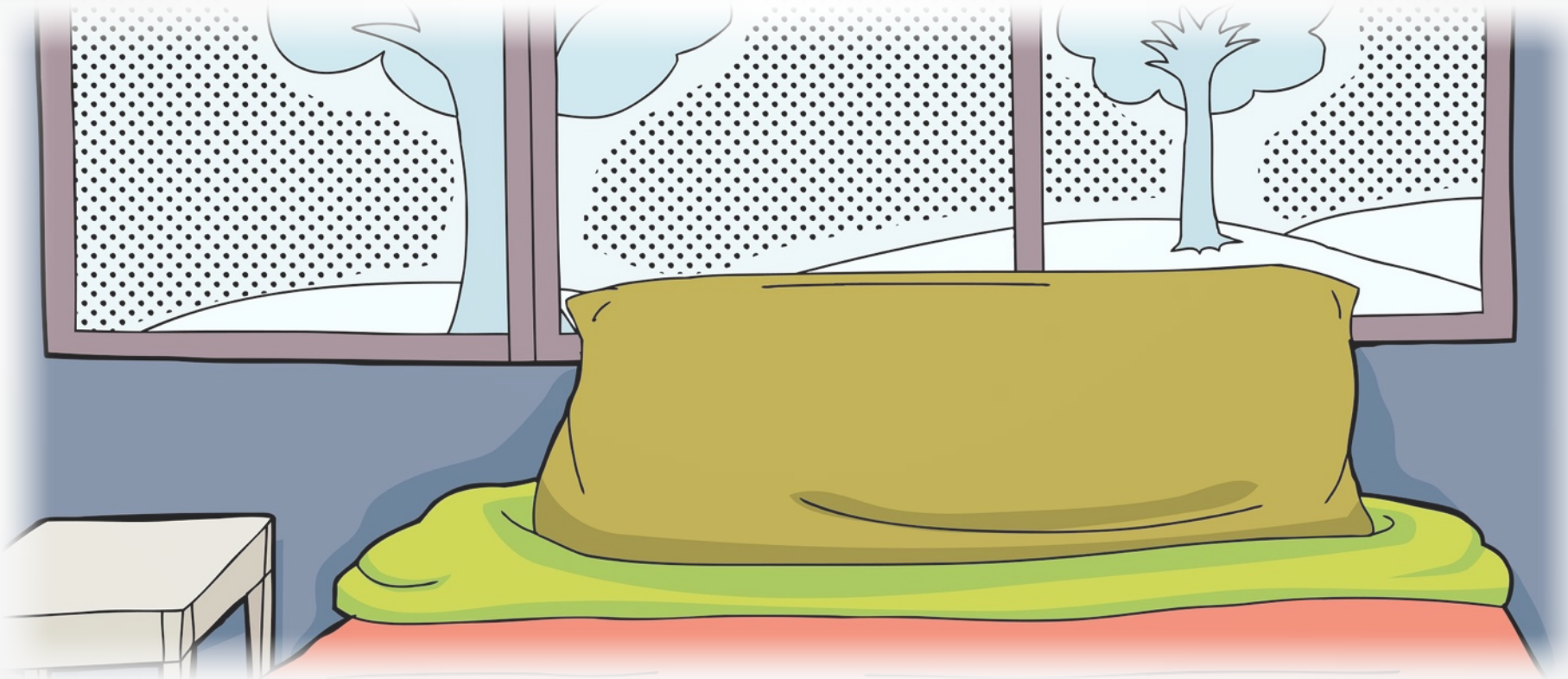


[SAMPLE LESSON]

KOREAN WORD MEMORIZATION PACK

5 Simple Steps to Easily Memorize Korean Words





5

Simple Steps to Easily Memorize Korean Words

Memorizing Korean words is easy!

So easy, in fact, that we are going to teach you how in just 5 simple steps.

To do this, we use what we at 90 Day Korean call the CLIPS™ Process.

CLIPS™ Process by 90 Day Korean

This technique involves creating mini “movie clips” in your mind. When you force your brain to create visuals for the information you’re reading, you create a much deeper association.

It’s like reading a book versus watching a movie. When you read a book, your mind is forced to create visuals for the information you’re reading and you create much deeper associations in your mind.

However, when you watch a movie, the action is much more passive since the director has already imagined



how everything should look and presents it to you visually. No imagination is needed.

In this sense, using the CLIPS™ Process to learn Korean words is like reading a screenplay to a movie! You can picture the action taking place yourself.

We can use the CLIPS™ Process to memorize Korean verbs.

The process involves 5 steps: 1) **C**lassify, 2) **L**ink, 3) **I**nvent, 4) **P**icture, and 5) **S**ay.

Step 1: **Classify**

1. Classify the word – Is it a ㄷ verb or a ㅎ verb?
2. Remove the verb ending

Step 2: **Link**

1. Break down the verb root into syllables or pieces (if applicable)
2. Find link words and create associations

Step 3: **Invent**

1. Create a back story to go with the link words
2. Add personal memories and extra details to the story

Step 4: **Picture**

1. Imagine the scenario in your head, noting if it's a ㄷ verb or a ㅎ verb
2. Draw a rough sketch

Step 5: **Say**

1. Say the back story aloud to help secure the memory
2. Rehearse the link words and the association

The CLIPS™ Process is made more powerful if you create your own stories. One of the most effective ways of enhancing your associations is by linking them to your personal life.

The examples we provide in this free guide can be changed or tweaked however you see fit.

You can change the story, add extra background information to it, and associate it with a personal memory.

We encourage you to add more colorful details to the story. For example, if there is a man in the back story, truly visualize the situation add extra details like the color of the hat he is wearing, or what color his eyes are. The more detail the better!

In using the CLIPS™ Process, you'll be learning Korean words bidirectionally! This means that when you go to use the words in conversation, you'll not only be able to recall it yourself but you'll be able to listen for the word and understand it when the other person uses it.

Instructions

So now it's your turn.

Whenever you come across a new vocabulary word, go through each step of the the CLIPS™ Process.

First, determine if it's a verb. If it's a verb, then classify it is a **ㄷ** verb or a **하다** verb.

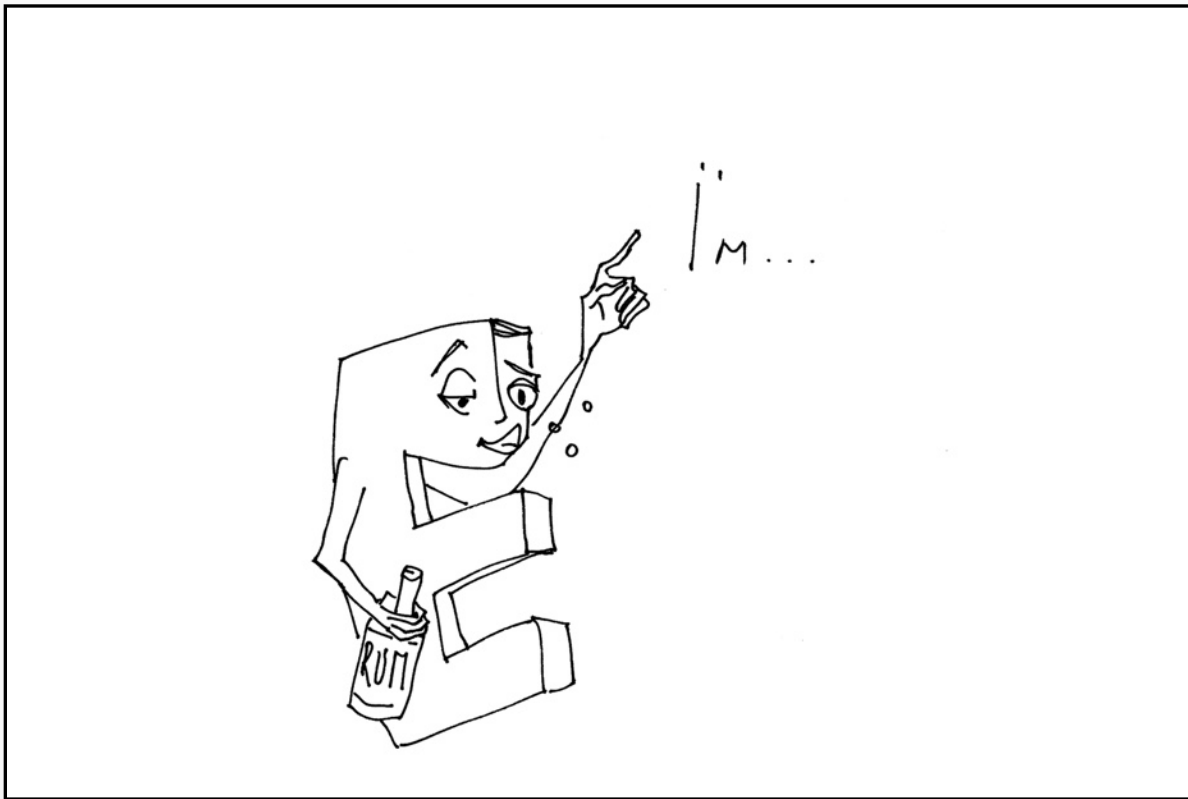
Create link words in English or your native language that sound similar to the Korean words, and create the associations in your mind by creating a detailed mental picture. Create a backstory to tie it all together. Picture it in your head, and draw a sketch to help solidify the association. Finally, say the link words out loud.

We'll give you three samples in this guide, and then you can go off and try on your own.

The first two are nouns, and can be remembered with just link words and an association. For verbs or any words that you find difficult to remember, we recommend coming up with your own backstory. You'll see an example of that in the third association.

Best of luck!

1. 이름 (i·reum) name



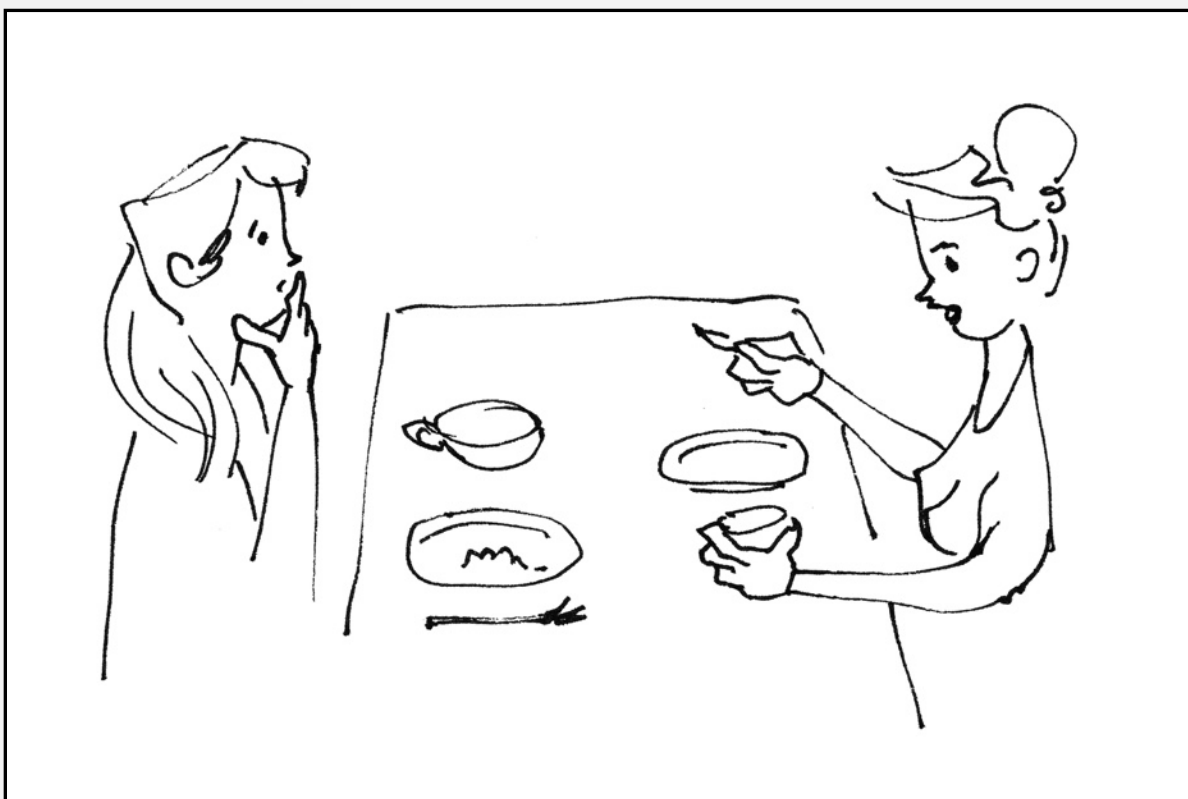
LINK WORDS

이 the letter "E"

름 rum

E drinks rum every day and forgets his own 이름 (name)

2. 친구 (chin·gu) friend



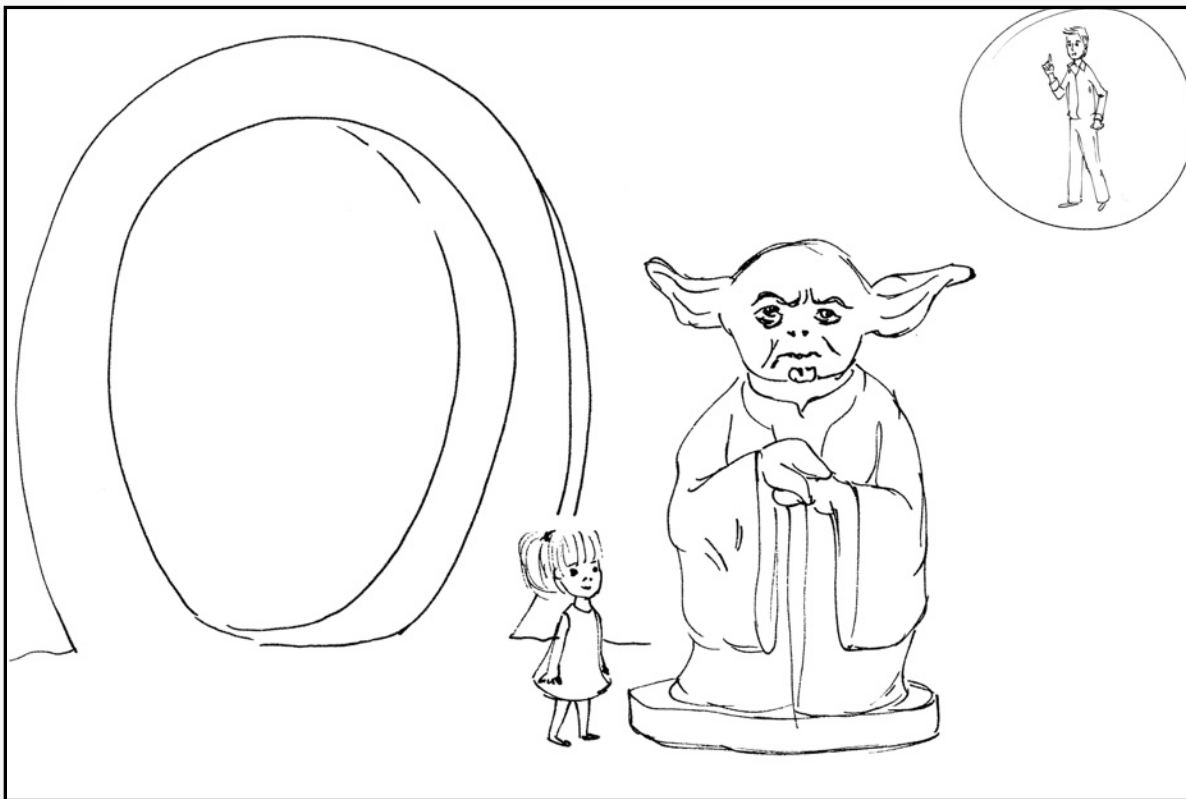
LINK WORDS

구 goo

친 chin

A good 친구 (friend) tells you when you have goo on your chin

3. 오다 (o·da) to come



LINK WORDS

오 the letter "O"

If you get lost, **come** to the big **O** next to Yoda

Dad was a smart man and always planned ahead.

Whenever we went somewhere crowded where there was potential for us to get lost, he'd choose a landmark where we would meet up in case of emergency.

I recall on our trip to "O World," a popular amusement park, he choose the "big O" as the meeting place.

He told us to come to the O at the front of the park in case anything happened.

I remember it was next to the statue of Yoda from Star Wars.

Note: The picture of dad in the upper right hand corner denotes dad telling a rule, which reminds us this is a verb and has the -다 ("da/dad") ending attached in the standard form.

It's time to put your new knowledge to use!

You've just learned 5 simple steps to easily memorize Korean words using the 90 Day Korean CLIPS™ Process, and seen a few examples of how to put it into practice.

Now you can brainstorm your own associations and link words for any Korean words you come across.



Be creative, and feel free to share what you come up with!

If you need help and would benefit from our done-for-you associations for 200 beginner Korean words, you may be interested in our Korean Word Memorization Pack.

It's a bundle of resources that help you to memorize Korean words

It's available now at:

<https://www.90daykorean.com/how-to-memorize-korean-words/>

Thanks for studying with us, and put your newfound skills to good use!

화이팅!